Rasool

Rasool is defined as a messenger, an individual who was given a new Sharia or code of law by Allah (God). The message is received by the Rasool as a vision while he is asleep or as a conversation with angels while he is awake. The five Rasools mentioned in the Quran who are called Ulul azm are:

- a) Hazrat Nooh(as) who received the Sharia which was followed by other prophets until Hazrat Ibrahim(as).
- b) Hazrat Ibrahim(as) who received the Sharia followed by other prophets until Hazrat Musa(as).
- c) Hazrat Musa(as) who received the Sharia followed by other prophets until Hazrat Isa(as).
- d) Hazrat Isa(as) who received the Sharia which was followed until the time of the Holy Prophet Muhammad(sws).
- e) Prophet Muhammad(sws) who received the final Sharia which is to be followed until the last day of this world.

Nabi

Nabi is a term that was used in Hebrew too for prophet. Unlike the Rasool, the Nabi is not given a new Sharia but follows the Sharia which was given to the Rasool who came before him.

Purpose of Rasool and Nabi

Both the Rasool and the Nabi are tasked with sharing and delivering the messages of Allah (God) to His people.

Nooh(as)

Ark

Abrahim(as)

Namrud

Lut(as)

Qaum e Sodom

Hood(as)

Qaum e Aad

Saleh(as)

Qaum e Samud

Musa(as)

Pharaoh

Qarun

Isa(as)

Muhammad(sws)

Date of birth: 22 April 571 AD

Full name: Abualqasim Muḥammad ibn Abdallah ibn

Abdalmuttalib ibn Hashim

Place of birth: Mecca, Saudi Arabia

Demise: 8 June 632 AD